

Can You Distinguish Truthful from Fake Reviews? User Analysis and Assistance Tool for Fake Review Detection

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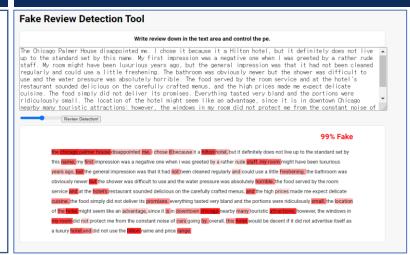
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Overview

- Customer review authenticity has become crucial in e-commerce platforms.
- We propose a simple assistance tool, You Only Need Gold (YONG), to detect deceptive reviews and augment user discretion.
- We provide an in-depth user understanding on dealing with fake reviews under the guidance of YONG.

You Only Need Gold (YONG)



- YONG provides the gold indicator, which consists of three intuitive, distinct features:
 - I. Model decision (Fake / Gold)
 - II. Probability (%)
 - **III. Evidence** (word highlights the more intense the color highlight, the more important of a role the word plays)
- YONG uses **BERT** as the backbone model, which is finetuned on the OpSpam dataset, with its attention weights visualized as Evidence.
- We leverage YONG to run user evaluations and on human capabilities and tendencies in detecting deceptive reviews.

Research Questions (RQs) / Experiment

- I. Can humans **outperform** models in fake review detection?
- II. Can YONG augment human capability?
- III. Which feature in YONG influences human decision the most?
- Separate experiment for each RQ
- 24 participants are required to classify fake reviews with & without YONG.
- The test is single-blind; participants don't know the ground-truth label



Condition Score **Feature** Decision **Probability Evidence** No tool 0.41 Influence 3.69 3.91 1.87 With tool 0.54 Results of Feature-wise Influence Model 0.70 (1-5 scale)

Results

Results of Experiments 1-2

- I. Humans are not good at detecting fake reviews, underperforming the model by a large margin.
- II. With YONG, the accuracy increases substantially. $(0.41 \rightarrow 0.54)$
- III. Among three features of YONG, **probability** plays the primary role in convincing users.

Discussion

- Human capability of fake review detection is unreliable and requires machine assistance.
- Evidence (interpretable attention visualization) is hardly explicable.
- Interpretability is different from explainability.
- Assistive tools need to provide faith-gaining features.